Hospital to Post-Acute Care Transfer
COVID-19 Assessment

INSTRUCTIONS: All hospitalized patients should be assessed for COVID-19 prior to transfer to post-acute care. This tool should be used to document an individual’s medical status related to COVID-19 and to facilitate communication between the hospital, emergency medical services, and the post-acute care organization. This assessment must be reviewed by the discharging physician or advanced practice provider and completed by licensed clinical staff prior to transfer. CHECK THE BOX APPROPRIATE TO THE PATIENT’S STATUS.

Patient Name:                      Transferring Facility:                  
Post-Acute Care Receiving Organization:  

Is COVID-19 Testing Clinically Warranted?

☐ YES, Patient tested for COVID-19
☐ NO, test was NOT INDICATED per CDC testing criteria category. MAY TRANSFER. (Category 1)

Indication for Testing:

List primary COVID-19 symptoms for this patient: ________________________________

☐ Positive Test Date/Time: ________________________________

Results Pending Positive Test
(Category 3) Patients will not be transferred to an LTCF until test results are confirmed. Start over when test confirmed.

☐ Negative Test Date/Time: ________________________________

Results Pending Negative Test
(Category 2) If testing is not in accordance with CDC test-based strategy for discontinuation of precautions, then precautions should continue after transfer per CDC non-test based strategy noted below.

Does patient meet criteria outlined in CDC Interim Guidance for Discontinuation of Transmission-Based Precautions and Disposition of Hospitalized Patients with COVID-19?

☐ YES (Category 4) ☐ NO (Category 5)

MAY TRANSFER

Transfer to a facility with adequate PPE and isolation status when precautions are required.

Results Pending Transfers
ONLY as directed by ISDH during declared surge

Transfer to a COVID (+) facility or a facility with adequate PPE and isolation status

Precautions should continue after transfer per CDC Interim Guidance: (non-test based strategy):

- At least 3 days (72 hours) have passed since recovery defined as resolution of fever without the use of fever reducing medications and improvement in respiratory symptoms (e.g., cough, shortness of breath); and
- At least 7 days have passed since symptoms first appeared.
- When Transmission-Based Precautions have been discontinued, but the patient has persistent symptoms from COVID-19 (e.g., persistent cough), they should be placed in a single room, be restricted to their room, and wear a face mask during care activities until all symptoms are completely resolved or until 14 days after illness onset, whichever is longer.

Clinical Assessment Completed by (staff name, date/time):

Accepted for Transfer by (LTCF staff name, date/time):

Date Symptoms Started: ________________________________

Last Update: __________________

Copy to Hospital, LTCF, EMS